

## 中国代表团团长在联合国工业发展组织 第 38 届工业发展理事会上的发言

( 2010 年 11 月 24-26 日 )

### 议程 2 : 方案和预算委员会报告

主席先生 ,

首先请允许我代表中国代表团 , 对你当选本届理事会的主席表示祝贺 , 相信在你的领导之下 , 本届会议一定会取得圆满成功。中方感谢总干事对各个议题所做的详细介绍 , 也感谢秘书处 在会议文件方面所做的充分准备。中国代表团支持“七十七国和 中国”的主席以及亚洲组的主席的发言 , 并愿做以下补充。

中方注意到 , 2009 年 , 工发组织筹集预算外资金达到 1.83 亿美元 , 为历史最高水平 , 2010 年有望进一步达到 2 亿美元。 与此同时 , 工发组织每年完成的技术合作项目金额也连创新高。 中方对工发组织为筹资所开展的卓有成效的工作表示赞赏 , 也希 望工发组织能够充分、有效地利用好所筹集的资源 , 继续加强项 目执行能力 , 根据成员国需求 , 为成员国提供更多优质服务。

主席先生 ,

当前 , 推进绿色发展为世界各国高度重视。工业化发展在促 进经济增长的同时 , 也带来了日趋严峻的资源环境问题 , 资源过 度消耗、环境污染、生态破坏、气候变化成为人类社会发展面临 的共同课题和重大挑战。

中国政府高度重视经济发展与资源、环境相协调 , 坚持走科 技含量高、经济效益好、资源消耗低、环境污染少、人力资源优 势得到充分发挥的新型工业化道路。在 2006 - 2009 年的四年间 ,

中国以能源消费年均 6.8% 的增长支撑了国民经济 11.4% 的增长，单位国内生产总值能耗累计下降 15.6%，节能 4.9 亿吨标准煤，减排二氧化碳 11.3 亿吨，节能减排取得明显成效。为实现这些成果，中方采取的主要措施包括：大力推进工业节能降耗；积极推动资源综合利用和循环经济发展；积极推行清洁生产。

中国仍然是发展中国家，正处在工业化快速发展阶段，资源环境压力大，绿色发展、低碳发展将面临着巨大的挑战，需要付出艰苦的努力。中国政府正在制订 2011 - 2015 年国民经济和社会发展第十二个五年计划，并已于今年 10 月公布了关于制定第十二个五年规划的建议，提出坚持把建设资源节约型、环境友好型社会作为加快经济发展方式的重要着力点，树立绿色、低碳发展理念，增强可持续发展能力。中国政府将继续设定节能减排约束性指标，加快形成低消耗、可循环、低排放、可持续的产业结构和运行方式，推进产业结构优化升级，促进工业绿色化发展。

工发组织倡导绿色工业，关注能源与环境，中方对此表示赞赏和支持。中方愿意与工发组织在以往良好合作的基础上，进一步推动双方在相关领域的交流和合作。

主席先生，

2010 年世博会于今年 5 月 1 日 - 10 月 31 日在中国上海举行，主题是“城市让生活更美好”，共有 246 个国家和国际组织参与其中。工业发展组织于 5 月 23 日-28 日在世博会联合国馆举办了“工发周”活动，围绕“绿色工业让生活更美好”这一主题举办了 9 场论坛活动，展示了工发组织在投资促进、环保和可再生能源方面独特的技术优势。论坛中涉及的绿色经济、绿色就业、可持续工业发展、有效利用能源资源等方面的内容给参会者留下深刻印象。“工发周”活动充分显示了工发组织对上海世博会及与中国合作的

高度重视，对此我们表示赞赏与感谢。

谢谢主席先生。

### 议程 9：工发组织在能源和环境领域的活动

主席先生，

中国代表团认为，充分发挥南南合作的作用，对如期实现联合国千年发展目标具有重要意义，对推广可再生能源和环境保护等领域的技术也有积极效果。

中方赞赏工发组织在推动南南合作方面所发挥的积极作用。中国始终是南南合作的积极倡导者、坚定支持者和深入参与者，多年来与其他发展中国家开展了卓有成效的经济和技术合作活动。今年 9 月，温家宝总理在出席联合国千年发展目标高级别会议上宣布了中国政府帮助发展中国家实现千年发展目标的六项新举措。中国政府将会一如既往认真落实这些举措，以实际行动支持南南合作。

中方非常重视与工发组织在人力资源开发领域开展合作，今年 9 月-11 月，双方合作在中国举办了“发展中国家太阳能应用技术培训班”，共有 20 个发展中国家的 35 名专业技术人员参加。培训班期间，双方还共同举办了“太阳能-风能国际研讨会”。培训班的学员与来自中国科研机构 and 高等院校的学者、太阳能企业的代表以及国际权威专家学者进行了充分的交流。培训班和研讨会都取得圆满成功，受到发展中国家学员的好评。今后，中方愿与工发组织加强联系与合作，进一步丰富双方的合作内容。

谢谢主席先生。

## Item 2: Report of the Program and Budget Committee

Please check against delivery

Mr. President,

First of all, please allow me on behalf of the Chinese delegation, to express our appreciation on your election to preside over the current session of the Board. We believe that under your guidance, the current session will be a great success. China would like to thank the Director-General for his detailed introductory statement on all the items and we also would like to thank the Secretariat for making a good preparation of the conference documentation. The Chinese delegation associates itself of the statement by the chairman of the “Group of 77 and China” and that by the Chairman of the Asian Group and we would like to make the additional remarks as follows:

China has noted that in 2009, the UNIDO’s collection of extra-budgetary fund reached a historical high of 183,000,000 US dollars and it is expected to reach 200,000,000 US dollars in 2010. At the same time, there has been a successive flow of records for UNIDO to complete its annual collection of fund for the TA projects. China would like to express its appreciation to UNIDO for its effective fund-raising efforts and we also hope that UNIDO will be able to make full and effective use of the

collected resources in its continuing effort to strengthen the ability of project delivery and provide more premium services to the Member States.

Mr. President,

At present, the promotion of green development has been taken very seriously by countries around the world. While promoting economic growth, the industrial development has brought about increasingly severe problems of resources and environment. The over-consumption of resources, environmental pollution, ecological damage and climate change have become a common theme and a big challenge facing the development of human society.

The Chinese government attaches great importance to the coordination of economic development and resource and environment. We adhere to a path of new industrialization characterized by having a high technological content, good economic benefits, low energy consumption, less environmental pollution and having the advantage of human resources fully tapped. In the four years between 2006 and 2009, China sustained a growth of 11.4% of her national economy with an average annual increase of 6.8% of energy consumption. The accumulative unit GDP

energy consumption has declined by 15.6%, 490,000,000 tons of standard coal has been saved and 1,130,000,000 tons of carbon dioxide have been taken out of the would-be emission. Remarkable achievement has been made in energy saving and emission reduction. To be able to achieve these objectives, China has adopted main measures which include: striving hard to promote energy and consumption saving; pursuing active integrated use of resource and the development of a recycled economy; actively pushing for clean production.

China is still a developing country. Being in a phase of rapid industrial development, China is faced with the huge challenges of big environmental pressure, green development and low-carbon development and we need to make strenuous efforts. The Chinese government is formulating the “12<sup>th</sup> Five-Year Plan” for the development of national economy and social progress in the period of 2011 – 2015. The proposal for the formulation of the Plan has been announced in October this year, in which the building a resource-saving and environmentally-friendly society will be adhered to as the focus of accelerating means of economic development, building up a philosophy of a green and low-carbon development and enhancing the capacity for sustainable development. The Chinese government will continue to set the mandatory targets for energy saving and emission reduction and accelerate the formation of a

low energy-consumption, recyclable, low-emission and sustainable industrial structure and means of operation, promote the optimization and upgrading of the industrial structure and facilitate a green industrial development.

UNIDO advocates for green industry and pays attention to energy and environment, to which the Chinese delegation would like to express our appreciation and support. China would like, on the basis of the past good cooperation, work with UNIDO to further promote the exchange and cooperation of both sides in the relevant fields.

Mr. President,

The 2010 World Expo took place between May 1<sup>st</sup> and October 31<sup>st</sup> in Shanghai, China with a theme of “Better City, Better Life”. There is a total of 246 countries and international organizations that participated in the Expo. UNIDO organized a “UNIDO Week” on May 23<sup>rd</sup> through 28<sup>th</sup> at the United Nations Pavilion at the Expo. Nine Forums were organized on the theme of “Green Industry for a Better Life”, which demonstrated UNIDO’s unique technological advantage in investment promotion, environmental protection and renewable resources. The green economy, sustainable industrial development and effective use of energy resources

covered in the forums have left the participants with deep impressions. The “UNIDO Week” gave ample proof that UNIDO attaches great importance to the Shanghai Expo and its cooperation with China. We would like to express our appreciation and gratitude to this.

Thank you, Mr. President.